S1905-1
4/12/89

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS | JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER

ANNUAL ISSUE
Volume XIV, Number 12

Employment Growth Surges in Nonmetropolitan Georgia

Georgia's nonagricultural wage and salary employment grew faster than expected in 1988, reaching a level of 2,879,100. The 97,200 net increase in jobs represents a 3.5 percent growth rate for the year.

One of the most notable trends for 1988 is the employment growth that occurred in the state's rural areas. Although the nonmetropolitan areas accounted for only 27 percent of Georgia's total employment prior to 1988, these areas had 46 percent of the new jobs added during the year. The annual rate of employment growth for the nonmetropolitan areas was 5.4 percent, much faster than for any metropolitan area in the state. In fact, employment growth for the metropolitan areas as a whole declined from 3.7 percent in 1987 to 1.7 percent in 1988.

Wholesale and retail trade had the largest gain (35,500) among the major industry divisions. Although many analysts expected a marked slowdown in this sector during 1988, this was not the case. After posting a 5.2 percent growth rate in 1987, employment in the trades continued to surge ahead at 5.1 percent. Growth in retail employment has typically outpaced that of wholesale until this year, as wholesale trade grew at a rate of 6.0 percent compared to 4.7 percent in retail trade.

Wholesale durable goods gained 9,800 jobs, over twice the employment increase experienced in 1987. A large part of this increase is attributable to communications equipment and commercial machines and equipment (electronics in particular). Wholesale nondurables were up 2,600; no outstanding gains were made in any particular industry.

Reorganizations by a few large retailers combined with saturated markets in some areas had some restraining effect on job growth in the retail sector. Retail trade employment increased by 23,400, or 4.7 percent, in 1988. This was the slowest growth rate for the retail industry since 1982.

Eating and drinking places added the most jobs (10,900) of any retail industry, largely due to growth in the number of fast food restaurants. Food stores was a big gainer, adding 3,900 jobs. A significant part of this employment growth is also attributable to the national trend toward eating more food prepared outside the home. Most large supermarket chains now offer a wide variety of foods freshly prepared on the premises.

Department store employment rose 2,800 despite significant losses due to reorganization. Automobile dealers and services responded to continued in-migration of working-age people, adding 2,600 jobs. Following the recent trend, service station employment showed a decline. Some of this decline is not an actual drop in the number of workers at these establishments, but is another indication that more and more companies are using temporary employment agencies. When service stations are provided staffing through a temporary agency, those jobs are counted in the services division. In this manner, employment from a wide range of industries is accounted for in firms that are classified as business services, e.g. employee leasing, protective services, cleaning services, etc.

The building material and hardware sector added only 500 jobs, many fewer than in recent years. The slowdown in employment growth for this sector is related to the completion of hiring for the large do-it-yourself building supply houses. This industry should remain strong as the trend in repairs and remodeling by homeowners appears to be a long-term cultural shift.

Miscellaneous retail stores added 2,100 new jobs in 1988, an indication

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Revised Estimates for 1987-1988 in this Issue

If any of our subscribers wish to receive December 1988 estimates on first quarter 1987 benchmark, they are available by request to this office.

Employment Growth Surges in Nonmetropolitan Georgia

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of the ongoing expansion of specialty stores (toys, books, jewelry, etc.) and non-store retailers.

The services sector experienced the second largest numerical employment gain of any major division. The addition of 30,600 new jobs across the state represents a 5.7 percent growth rate, much higher than the average for the economy as a whole.

The largest employer in this division, business services, gained 12,800 jobs. A large share of this increase was in protective services and other miscellaneous business services (especially those related to the convention and trade show business). As the trend in contracting out for workers continued to boom, personnel supply services made strong gains. Employment in computer and data processing services maintained a long-term climb. Likewise, moderate gains were made in janitorial and building maintenance services. Other small increases were scattered throughout business services.

Medical services other than hospitals rose by 2,400 jobs. A large portion of this increment can be attributed to growth in clinics (e.g., emergency care centers) and offices of both general and specialized physicians. Following national trends, home health services made significant gains, as did nursing and personal care facilities.

Despite the drop in bed occupancy rates, private hospital employment showed the largest increase (3,400) of any health services industry. Steady expansion in the variety and volume of outpatient services was a primary factor in this increase. Growing utlilization of private substance abuse/mental health programs was also a contributing factor.

Social services showed the fastest growth rate (10.3 percent) in the service sector. Although gains were scattered throughout the industry, child day care, and community-based service organizations experienced substantial growth. Private education rose by 1,400 jobs. Almost two-thirds of this gain occurred in post-secondary education.

Fueled by the burgeoning number of civil suits filed each year, legal service employment increased 1,000 despite an oversupply of lawyers. This gain can be partially attributed to the trend toward using more paralegal workers as legal firms seek to cut operating costs.

Employment growth in automobile repair and services slowed somewhat from 1987, probably because an increasing share of repair work is done at the dealership. Personal services continued to expand, adding 700 jobs. Most of this increase occurred in laundries, beauty shops, and health clubs.

Government employment rose 18,500, or 3.9 percent. Both state and local government grew at an annual rate of 4.7 percent, the fastest growth seen by either in this decade. Total federal government employment showed a 0.5 percent growth rate for 1988, the slowest since 1982. Civilian employment at federal defense establishments declined by 1,800. Other federal employment increased by 2,400, mostly in areas linked to population growth such as the Internal Revenue Service and post offices. Hires for the decennial census coming up in 1990 was also a factor.

State government other than education added 3,500 jobs, scattered among various agencies. State education gained 1,700 employees, most of them in post-secondary institutions.

Local government (except education) increased by 5,600, largely as a result of the rising demand for services brought on by rapid population growth. Similarly, burgeoning school enrollments which accompanied the in-migration of young families fueled an increase of 7,000 employees in local education.

The transportation, communication, and public utilities division rose by 6,900 jobs. Over half of this gain is attributable to motor freight carriers and warehousing, which added 3,900 workers. The flip side of the growth trend in trucking is seen in the steady decline of railroad employment. Lower profit margins have led to service cutbacks and closing of some lines, which meant a loss of 700 railroad jobs in 1988. Airline transportation, still feeling the effects of reorganizations and labor disputes, experienced a moderate increase of 900.

Employment growth in telephone communication was 850. This moderate gain is due to continued economic expansion in the state (and region), and an increase in the demand for the newer services such as paging and cellular phone systems.

Georgia's manufacturing industries had a net employment gain of 2,800 jobs, only a 0.5 percent increase. Most of the growth, 2,000 positions, was in nondurable goods manufacturing. Gains in durable goods were largely offset by significant cutbacks in some areas.

The most notable trend in manufacturing for 1988 is the fact that all of the gain in manufacturing employment occurred in nonmetropolitan areas of the state. Rural Georgia added 5,600 manufacturing jobs to the economy, divided almost evenly between the durable and nondurable goods sectors. Manufacturing employment in the metropolitan areas actually decreased by 2,800 jobs. Although most of the decline was in durable goods (especially transportation equipment), nondurable goods experienced a drop of 600.

Even though lumber and wood products has settled down after big employment declines in 1987, a drop of 200 jobs in 1988 shows that this industry is still feeling the effects of a slump in general building. Some large suburban housing markets have peaked out, and surpluses exist in both multi-unit and single family dwellings.

Fabricated metal and machinery, except electrical, showed healthy gains of 700 and 600, respectively. It appears that the upswing in fabricated metal products had a positive impact on employment growth in

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1987 FINAL SERIES

Table 1

GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES
WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**2,696.3**	**2,708.2**	**2,725.5**	**2,745.4**	**2,767.7**	**2,784.9**	**2,785.6**	**2,800.0**	**2,822.7**	**2,836.4**	**2,846.8**	**2,864.4**	**2,782.0**
Manufacturing	559.1	561.0	563.9	567.9	571.3	572.4	569.0	574.8	577.6	578.0	578.7	581.1	**571.2**
Durable goods	218.1	218.9	220.5	222.6	225.0	224.4	219.5	223.1	224.1	225.4	226.1	228.4	**223.0**
Lumber and wood products	33.2	33.4	33.7	33.7	33.8	34.2	34.3	34.4	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.0	**33.9**
Logging camps, sawmills, and planing mills	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.0	13.9	14.0	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.0	14.1	**14.0**
Furniture and fixtures	11.7	11.9	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.9	11.8	11.8	11.7	11.9	12.2	12.2	**11.9**
Household furniture	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	**6.6**
Stone, clay, and glass products	20.3	20.2	20.4	21.1	21.1	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.4	21.4	21.3	21.2	**21.0**
Primary metal industries	16.2	16.1	16.4	16.4	16.5	16.0	15.5	15.6	15.8	15.7	15.7	15.8	**16.0**
Fabricated metal products	20.6	20.4	20.3	20.6	20.8	20.8	20.2	20.5	20.6	21.0	20.9	21.0	**20.6**
Machinery, except electrical	25.2	25.6	25.8	26.0	25.7	25.8	25.6	25.8	26.0	26.1	25.8	25.9	**25.8**
Electric and electronic equipment	29.2	29.4	29.4	29.5	29.8	30.3	30.7	30.5	30.8	31.6	31.7	31.9	**30.4**
Transportation equipment	49.8	49.8	50.2	50.9	52.8	51.6	47.2	50.5	51.0	50.6	51.5	53.4	**50.8**
Other durable goods[1]	12.1	12.1	12.2	12.6	12.6	12.5	12.8	12.8	12.7	12.8	12.8	12.9	**12.6**
Nondurable goods	341.0	342.1	343.4	345.2	346.3	348.0	349.5	351.7	353.5	352.6	352.6	352.7	**348.2**
Food and kindred products	59.5	59.2	59.3	59.6	60.0	60.8	61.9	62.1	61.9	61.5	61.4	61.1	**60.7**
Meat products	25.0	25.0	25.1	25.4	25.8	25.9	26.6	26.7	26.4	26.2	26.5	26.7	**25.9**
Poultry dressing	18.4	18.4	18.5	18.6	19.1	19.3	20.0	20.2	20.0	19.9	20.2	20.4	**19.4**
Dairy products	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	**3.8**
Bakery products	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.3	10.0	10.1	9.9	**9.2**
Textile mill products	105.6	106.1	106.2	106.2	106.3	106.7	106.9	107.9	108.6	109.0	109.1	109.1	**107.3**
Weaving mills, cotton	17.4	17.5	17.5	17.3	17.4	17.6	17.5	17.6	17.7	17.7	17.8	17.9	**17.6**
Weaving mills, synthetics	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.8	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.7	**8.7**
Knitting mills	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.1	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	8.9	9.1	9.0	9.0	**9.0**
Floor covering mills	33.8	34.1	34.3	34.6	34.7	35.0	35.2	35.5	36.0	36.1	35.9	35.7	**35.1**
Yarn and thread mills	20.7	20.9	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.9	20.7	21.0	21.1	21.2	21.3	21.4	**21.0**
Apparel and other textile products	67.0	67.0	67.2	68.3	68.6	68.6	68.5	69.0	69.6	69.0	69.3	69.3	**68.5**
Men's and boys' clothing	36.8	37.0	37.1	37.6	37.6	37.7	37.5	37.6	37.8	37.3	37.5	37.6	**37.4**
Women's and children's clothing	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.2	20.4	20.4	20.6	20.8	21.0	20.7	20.9	20.8	**20.5**
Paper and allied products	30.9	30.9	31.0	31.0	31.1	31.3	31.5	31.8	32.2	31.7	31.7	32.0	**31.4**
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.4	13.6	13.7	13.7	14.0	14.4	13.9	13.9	14.1	**13.7**
Paperboard containers and boxes	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.8	**7.6**
Printing and publishing	36.0	36.5	36.9	36.8	36.9	37.1	37.4	37.7	38.0	38.7	38.7	38.9	**37.5**
Commercial printing	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.5	14.7	14.9	14.8	14.9	**14.4**
Chemicals and allied products	18.8	19.0	19.1	19.4	19.3	19.4	19.3	19.3	19.4	19.1	19.0	19.1	**19.2**
Agricultural chemicals	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	**1.6**
Leather and leather products	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	**1.6**
Other nondurable goods[2]	21.9	21.9	22.3	22.5	22.5	22.4	22.3	22.3	22.1	21.8	21.6	21.5	**22.1**

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 1 (Continued)

GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Nonmanufacturing	2,137.2	2,147.2	2,161.7	2,177.5	2,196.4	2,212.6	2,216.5	2,225.2	2,245.1	2,258.5	2,268.1	2,283.3	**2,210.8**
Mining	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.7	8.7	**8.5**
Contract construction	145.3	145.5	147.1	147.8	150.6	152.8	157.3	158.2	157.2	156.1	155.1	153.3	**152.2**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	169.7	170.3	171.2	173.5	174.1	175.5	176.8	177.3	178.9	179.1	178.7	179.7	**175.4**
Transportation	101.5	102.2	102.8	105.5	105.6	106.6	106.7	107.1	108.6	108.2	108.1	108.8	**106.0**
Communication	42.3	42.6	42.6	42.1	42.5	42.7	43.2	43.3	43.4	44.3	43.9	44.1	**43.1**
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	25.8	25.6	25.7	25.9	26.0	26.2	26.9	26.9	26.9	26.7	26.7	26.8	**26.3**
Wholesale and retail trade	679.4	676.8	681.0	685.7	692.6	697.4	706.1	709.4	714.0	720.0	728.9	741.2	**702.7**
Wholesale trade	198.6	199.5	200.0	199.1	200.1	201.5	204.2	204.9	205.6	207.3	207.6	208.2	**203.1**
Wholesale trade - durable	127.9	128.3	128.4	129.1	129.8	130.4	133.1	133.2	133.0	134.1	134.6	135.4	**131.4**
Wholesale trade - nondurable	70.7	71.2	71.5	70.1	70.3	71.0	71.1	71.7	72.6	73.2	73.0	72.7	**71.6**
Retail trade	480.7	477.3	481.0	486.5	492.5	495.9	501.9	504.5	508.4	512.7	521.3	533.0	**499.7**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	150.9	151.4	151.7	153.4	154.9	157.0	157.8	158.0	157.8	157.1	157.3	157.9	**155.4**
Finance	69.1	69.3	69.4	69.3	69.8	70.5	71.3	71.4	71.0	70.0	70.2	70.6	**70.2**
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	48.9	49.0	49.1	49.5	49.9	50.6	50.6	50.9	51.0	51.4	51.5	51.8	**50.4**
Real estate	33.0	33.1	33.2	34.6	35.2	35.9	35.8	35.7	35.8	35.7	35.6	35.5	**34.9**
Services	513.5	521.6	526.4	531.3	535.6	541.8	546.1	549.8	554.2	552.8	552.5	553.4	**539.9**
Hotels and other lodging places	37.5	38.2	39.1	39.0	39.4	40.1	40.2	40.2	39.2	38.8	38.8	38.7	**39.1**
Business services	123.2	127.1	127.3	128.0	130.3	132.5	133.8	137.3	140.5	140.9	141.4	142.4	**133.7**
Health services	124.3	125.0	125.9	126.5	127.2	129.0	131.0	131.8	132.3	133.5	133.9	133.5	**129.5**
Private hospitals[3]	45.8	46.0	46.3	46.3	46.8	47.5	48.2	48.8	49.0	49.5	50.0	50.5	**47.9**
Government	470.1	473.1	475.8	477.7	480.2	479.8	464.0	463.8	474.3	484.7	487.0	489.1	**476.6**
Federal	97.2	97.8	99.1	99.5	99.7	99.8	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.1	99.6	100.7	**99.3**
Defense	37.7	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.9	38.0	38.0	37.9	38.0	37.8	37.7	37.6	**37.8**
Other federal[4]	59.6	60.1	61.4	61.7	61.8	61.8	61.6	61.7	61.5	61.4	61.9	63.1	**61.5**
State	110.6	111.5	111.7	112.5	113.3	113.5	110.3	109.3	107.4	113.7	114.2	113.4	**111.8**
State education	45.9	46.4	46.5	46.9	47.0	46.8	42.2	41.3	39.9	46.9	47.2	46.2	**45.3**
Other state	64.8	65.1	65.2	65.6	66.2	66.8	68.2	68.0	67.5	66.7	67.0	67.3	**66.5**
Local	262.2	263.9	265.0	265.7	267.2	266.4	254.1	254.9	267.4	271.9	273.3	275.0	**265.6**
Local education	139.2	140.5	141.3	141.7	142.5	139.4	125.4	126.0	140.5	146.9	147.7	148.5	**140.0**
Other local	123.1	123.4	123.6	124.0	124.7	127.0	128.7	128.9	126.9	125.1	125.6	126.4	**125.6**

[1] Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes tobacco, petroleum refining and related industries, and rubber and miscellaneous plastic products.

[3] Government hospitals are included in other federal, other state, and other local government.

[4] Includes post offices.

Table 2

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

1987

MONTH	TOTAL MANUFACTURING			DURABLE GOODS			NONDURABLE GOODS			FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$348.61	41.6	$8.38	$396.90	42.0	$9.45	$318.84	41.3	$7.72	$312.98	40.7	$7.69
FEBRUARY	346.08	41.2	8.40	397.10	41.8	9.50	314.57	40.8	7.71	306.14	39.4	7.77
MARCH	345.22	41.0	8.42	395.43	41.8	9.46	314.28	40.5	7.76	306.93	39.3	7.81
APRIL	340.54	40.3	8.45	388.63	41.3	9.41	310.07	39.6	7.83	303.02	39.2	7.73
MAY	351.53	41.7	8.43	397.42	42.1	9.44	322.51	41.4	7.79	315.02	40.7	7.74
JUNE	357.86	42.3	8.46	407.46	42.8	9.52	326.40	41.9	7.79	319.66	41.3	7.74
JULY	357.43	42.1	8.49	410.65	43.0	9.55	325.31	41.6	7.82	323.49	41.0	7.89
AUGUST	351.52	41.6	8.45	394.00	41.3	9.54	326.04	41.8	7.80	313.96	40.2	7.81
SEPTEMBER	356.79	41.2	8.66	410.33	41.7	9.84	325.13	41.0	7.93	319.06	40.8	7.82
OCTOBER	362.52	42.4	8.55	408.96	42.6	9.60	334.59	42.3	7.91	319.02	40.9	7.80
NOVEMBER	358.23	41.8	8.57	407.35	42.3	9.63	328.68	41.5	7.92	328.82	41.0	8.02
DECEMBER	366.76	42.4	8.65	416.67	43.0	9.69	335.58	42.0	7.99	343.09	42.2	8.13
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$353.18**	**41.6**	**$8.49**	**$403.01**	**42.2**	**$9.55**	**$323.38**	**41.3**	**$7.83**	**$317.90**	**40.6**	**$7.83**

MONTH	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS			WEAVING MILLS, COTTON			WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS			KNITTING MILLS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$316.22	43.2	$7.32	$323.23	44.4	$7.28	$323.08	43.6	$7.41	$261.09	39.8	$6.56
FEBRUARY	311.53	42.5	7.33	315.64	43.9	7.19	302.63	41.8	7.24	257.40	39.6	6.50
MARCH	311.33	42.3	7.36	314.20	43.7	7.19	301.89	42.4	7.12	264.77	40.3	6.57
APRIL	301.92	40.8	7.40	315.23	43.6	7.23	308.16	41.7	7.39	229.62	35.6	6.45
MAY	318.38	43.2	7.37	323.68	44.4	7.29	304.79	41.3	7.38	240.60	40.1	6.00
JUNE	328.41	44.5	7.38	325.45	44.4	7.33	320.85	43.3	7.41	249.48	42.5	5.87
JULY	325.90	44.1	7.39	319.28	44.1	7.24	340.65	45.0	7.57	252.84	42.0	6.02
AUGUST	328.56	44.4	7.40	328.33	45.1	7.28	341.04	45.9	7.43	262.61	42.7	6.15
SEPTEMBER	321.32	42.9	7.49	319.99	43.3	7.39	335.34	46.0	7.29	258.55	41.5	6.23
OCTOBER	330.17	44.2	7.47	331.67	44.4	7.47	330.05	43.2	7.64	261.24	42.0	6.22
NOVEMBER	322.70	43.2	7.47	322.59	43.3	7.45	330.48	43.2	7.65	257.29	41.7	6.17
DECEMBER	319.92	43.0	7.44	313.85	42.7	7.35	331.87	43.1	7.70	266.25	42.6	6.25
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$319.68**	**43.2**	**$7.40**	**$320.91**	**43.9**	**$7.31**	**$322.90**	**43.4**	**$7.44**	**$255.22**	**40.9**	**$6.24**

MONTH	FLOOR COVERING MILLS			YARN AND THREAD MILLS			APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS			MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$332.57	44.7	$7.44	$273.46	38.3	$7.14	$184.74	36.8	$5.02	$187.07	38.1	$4.91
FEBRUARY	339.43	45.5	7.46	256.30	36.2	7.08	185.61	36.9	5.03	186.47	37.9	4.92
MARCH	327.56	43.5	7.53	272.80	38.1	7.16	183.60	36.5	5.03	181.30	37.0	4.90
APRIL	314.91	42.1	7.48	258.37	35.2	7.34	178.66	35.1	5.09	177.06	35.2	5.03
MAY	350.03	46.3	7.56	268.91	37.4	7.19	188.47	37.1	5.08	187.75	37.4	5.02
JUNE	344.01	46.3	7.43	310.42	41.5	7.48	191.49	37.4	5.12	189.99	37.4	5.08
JULY	335.22	45.3	7.40	313.08	41.8	7.49	186.80	36.7	5.09	187.22	37.0	5.06
AUGUST	336.87	45.4	7.42	317.86	42.1	7.55	190.63	37.6	5.07	189.88	37.9	5.01
SEPTEMBER	333.44	44.4	7.51	304.52	39.6	7.69	181.63	35.2	5.16	178.71	34.7	5.15
OCTOBER	346.89	46.5	7.46	306.94	40.6	7.56	200.85	39.0	5.15	203.03	39.5	5.14
NOVEMBER	327.67	44.4	7.38	309.73	40.7	7.61	197.49	38.2	5.17	197.76	38.4	5.15
DECEMBER	334.51	44.9	7.45	299.83	39.4	7.61	199.40	38.2	5.22	197.63	38.3	5.16
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$334.95**	**44.9**	**$7.46**	**$291.61**	**39.3**	**$7.42**	**$189.21**	**37.1**	**$5.10**	**$188.50**	**37.4**	**$5.04**

AWE - Average Weekly Earnings
AWH - Average Weekly Hours
AHE - Average Hourly Earnings

Table 2 (Continued)

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

1987

MONTH	WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING			LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS			FURNITURE AND FIXTURES			PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$163.63	33.6	$4.87	$325.22	40.4	$8.05	$243.14	46.4	$5.24	$533.06	45.6	$11.69
FEBRUARY	165.58	34.0	4.87	314.82	39.5	7.97	240.24	44.0	5.46	522.99	44.7	11.70
MARCH	167.38	34.3	4.88	315.93	40.4	7.82	253.71	44.2	5.74	518.47	44.2	11.73
APRIL	165.04	34.1	4.84	305.56	40.1	7.62	237.69	41.7	5.70	538.16	45.3	11.88
MAY	171.82	35.5	4.84	309.57	40.1	7.72	261.81	44.3	5.91	543.92	45.9	11.85
JUNE	173.76	35.9	4.84	326.56	41.6	7.85	277.38	46.0	6.03	525.23	44.1	11.91
JULY	171.42	35.2	4.87	327.89	42.2	7.77	304.98	44.2	6.90	526.11	44.1	11.93
AUGUST	175.69	36.3	4.84	320.76	40.5	7.92	257.80	37.2	6.93	525.10	44.5	11.80
SEPTEMBER	171.29	35.1	4.88	319.18	40.3	7.92	287.66	37.9	7.59	564.21	46.9	12.03
OCTOBER	180.75	37.5	4.82	313.63	39.7	7.90	278.25	41.1	6.77	565.88	47.0	12.04
NOVEMBER	178.00	36.7	4.85	304.58	39.3	7.75	259.90	40.6	6.37	542.69	45.3	11.98
DECEMBER	186.13	37.3	4.99	312.21	40.6	7.69	278.83	44.4	6.28	567.87	46.7	12.16
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$172.89**	**35.5**	**$4.87**	**$316.33**	**40.4**	**$7.83**	**$265.59**	**42.7**	**$6.22**	**$538.62**	**45.3**	**$11.89**

MONTH	PULP, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD MILLS			CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS			LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS			STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$620.97	46.1	$13.47	$474.80	43.6	$10.89	$162.80	37.0	$4.40	$375.65	41.6	$9.03
FEBRUARY	617.41	45.7	13.51	469.22	44.1	10.64	162.69	37.4	4.35	398.18	43.0	9.26
MARCH	617.86	45.7	13.52	479.39	43.9	10.92	171.20	38.3	4.47	394.80	43.1	9.16
APRIL	636.59	46.5	13.69	471.51	43.1	10.94	164.90	34.0	4.85	396.40	42.9	9.24
MAY	679.27	49.8	13.64	493.88	43.9	11.25	163.44	36.0	4.54	391.07	42.6	9.18
JUNE	645.89	46.4	13.92	500.87	45.7	10.96	180.34	38.7	4.66	401.72	44.0	9.13
JULY	633.88	45.9	13.81	480.41	44.4	10.82	150.52	32.3	4.66	398.94	43.6	9.15
AUGUST	630.65	46.1	13.68	473.72	43.5	10.89	158.86	33.8	4.70	395.08	42.3	9.34
SEPTEMBER	689.61	50.3	13.71	475.24	43.6	10.90	147.62	27.8	5.31	406.08	43.2	9.40
OCTOBER	680.27	49.8	13.66	494.80	44.9	11.02	150.37	32.2	4.67	400.20	43.5	9.20
NOVEMBER	683.36	50.1	13.64	476.26	43.1	11.05	154.16	32.8	4.70	386.06	42.8	9.02
DECEMBER	684.78	50.5	13.56	475.88	44.6	10.67	164.64	33.6	4.90	381.07	42.2	9.03
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$651.11**	**47.7**	**$13.65**	**$480.04**	**44.0**	**$10.91**	**$160.52**	**34.3**	**$4.68**	**$393.82**	**42.9**	**$9.18**

MONTH	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS			ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT			TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$321.10	40.8	$7.87	$357.40	44.9	$ 7.96	$570.41	42.6	$13.39
FEBRUARY	321.57	40.5	7.94	336.15	41.5	8.10	573.40	42.6	13.46
MARCH	330.86	41.1	8.05	342.17	42.4	8.07	557.27	41.9	13.30
APRIL	330.03	41.1	8.03	338.25	41.3	8.19	551.27	41.7	13.22
MAY	340.52	42.3	8.05	358.49	44.7	8.02	541.86	41.3	13.12
JUNE	325.62	40.3	8.08	369.72	46.1	8.02	562.30	41.9	13.42
JULY	339.47	41.5	8.18	327.61	40.9	8.01	571.97	43.2	13.24
AUGUST	344.42	41.9	8.22	355.74	42.3	8.41	517.69	39.7	13.04
SEPTEMBER	337.02	41.2	8.18	366.96	41.7	8.80	579.44	42.7	13.57
OCTOBER	351.35	43.7	8.04	364.53	43.5	8.38	568.89	43.0	13.23
NOVEMBER	345.23	43.1	8.01	370.60	43.6	8.50	579.15	42.9	13.50
DECEMBER	360.38	42.8	8.42	383.26	46.4	8.26	582.71	43.1	13.52
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$337.35**	**41.7**	**$8.09**	**$356.36**	**43.3**	**$ 8.23**	**$582.95**	**42.2**	**$13.34**

AWE - Average Weekly Earnings
AWH - Average Weekly Hours
AHE - Average Hourly Earnings

Table 3

ATLANTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	1,333.9	1,341.1	1,350.0	1,357.4	1,368.3	1,378.2	1,380.8	1,386.0	1,392.1	1,402.9	1,406.5	1,421.2	1,376.7
Manufacturing	185.7	186.3	187.4	188.5	190.0	189.1	185.7	188.2	188.7	190.0	191.1	193.3	188.7
Durable goods	96.2	96.4	97.1	98.2	100.1	99.0	95.6	97.7	98.0	99.5	100.4	102.3	98.4
Lumber and wood products	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0
Furniture and fixtures	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.3
Household furniture	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.3	9.2	9.4	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.6	9.7
Primary metal industries	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0
Fabricated metal products	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.6
Machinery, except electrical	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.0	10.1	10.0	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.6	9.5	10.0
Electric and electronic equipment	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.9	15.0	15.3	15.6	15.5	15.7	16.2	16.4	16.5	15.4
Transportation equipment	31.4	31.3	31.4	31.8	33.7	32.3	28.4	30.8	31.0	31.7	32.7	34.6	31.8
Other durable goods[1]	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7
Nondurable goods	89.6	89.9	90.3	90.2	89.9	90.2	90.2	90.6	90.8	90.5	90.7	91.0	90.3
Food and kindred products	21.0	21.0	21.1	21.2	21.0	21.0	20.8	21.0	21.0	21.1	21.2	21.0	21.0
Meat products	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.1
Bakery products	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.3
Textile mill products	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.4
Weaving mills, cotton	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6
Yarn and thread mills	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
Apparel and other textile products	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.7	11.5	11.5	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.5
Men's and boys' clothing	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.9
Women's and children's clothing	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0
Paper and allied products	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.9
Paperboard containers and boxes	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8
Printing and publishing	22.3	22.4	22.6	22.5	22.6	22.7	23.0	23.2	23.4	23.8	23.9	24.2	23.0
Commercial printing	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.1
Chemicals and allied products	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1
Other nondurable goods[2]	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.2	9.3	9.4

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 3 (continued)

ATLANTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Nonmanufacturing	1,148.1	1,154.9	1,162.6	1,168.9	1,178.2	1,189.0	1,195.1	1,197.7	1,203.4	1,212.9	1,217.4	1,228.0	**1,180.0**
Mining	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	**1.4**
Contract construction	70.8	71.0	72.0	71.8	72.5	74.0	75.7	75.6	75.1	73.3	72.0	71.7	**72.9**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	110.9	111.2	111.3	113.9	114.4	115.3	116.2	116.7	117.6	118.4	117.8	118.4	**115.2**
Transportation	70.2	70.3	70.4	72.3	72.6	73.2	73.4	73.9	74.6	74.5	74.4	74.7	**72.9**
Wholesale and retail trade	373.8	372.8	373.5	375.1	378.4	380.5	385.4	386.2	387.5	392.7	398.5	405.1	**384.1**
Wholesale trade	129.5	130.3	130.3	130.7	131.4	131.7	133.2	133.3	133.2	135.6	135.8	136.0	**132.6**
Wholesale trade - durable	91.2	91.5	91.4	92.4	92.8	92.9	94.4	94.3	93.9	95.9	96.1	96.3	**93.6**
Wholesale trade - nondurable	38.2	38.8	38.9	38.3	38.6	38.8	38.8	39.0	39.2	39.7	39.7	39.6	**39.0**
Retail trade	244.4	242.6	243.2	244.4	247.0	248.8	252.2	252.9	254.3	257.1	262.7	269.1	**251.6**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	95.3	95.5	96.2	97.2	98.2	99.6	100.6	100.9	101.0	101.4	101.4	101.9	**99.1**
Finance	39.6	39.5	39.9	40.1	40.3	40.8	41.4	41.4	41.2	40.9	40.7	40.8	**40.6**
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	33.1	33.2	33.4	33.8	34.2	34.8	34.9	35.2	35.2	35.7	35.8	36.0	**34.6**
Services	306.4	311.5	314.9	315.4	317.7	322.2	325.0	326.1	326.9	327.4	327.1	328.7	**320.8**
Hotels and other lodging places	23.1	23.6	23.7	23.5	23.5	23.8	23.5	23.6	23.4	23.2	23.2	23.3	**23.4**
Business services	91.0	93.4	93.9	94.6	95.8	97.4	99.1	100.2	100.5	101.7	102.0	102.8	**97.7**
Health services	56.7	56.9	57.3	57.1	57.5	58.5	58.9	59.4	59.7	60.7	60.9	61.5	**58.8**
Private hospitals[3]	21.6	21.7	21.7	21.8	21.9	22.3	22.5	22.7	22.9	23.3	23.6	23.8	**22.5**
Government	189.6	191.4	193.2	194.2	195.6	195.9	190.8	190.8	193.9	198.3	199.2	200.9	**194.5**
Federal	40.4	41.1	42.0	42.2	42.2	42.3	42.3	42.4	42.1	42.0	42.2	43.2	**42.0**
Defense	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	**6.2**
Other federal[4]	34.2	34.9	35.8	36.0	36.0	36.0	36.1	36.2	35.8	35.8	36.1	37.1	**35.8**
State	38.2	38.7	38.9	39.2	39.6	39.7	38.7	38.3	36.9	39.4	39.4	39.4	**38.9**
State education	13.1	13.6	13.5	13.8	14.0	13.9	12.4	12.2	11.2	14.1	14.1	13.9	**13.3**
Other state	25.1	25.2	25.3	25.4	25.7	25.8	26.3	26.1	25.7	25.3	25.3	25.5	**25.6**
Local	111.0	111.6	112.4	112.8	113.8	113.9	109.8	110.1	114.9	116.9	117.5	118.3	**113.6**
Local education	55.7	56.1	56.8	57.2	57.8	57.1	52.0	51.9	57.6	59.9	60.3	60.6	**56.9**
Other local	55.3	55.5	55.6	55.6	56.0	56.6	57.8	58.2	57.3	57.0	57.2	57.7	**56.7**

[1] Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes petroleum refining and related industries; and rubber and miscellaneous plastic products.
[3] Government hospitals are included in other federal, other state, and other local government.
[4] Includes post offices.

Table 4

ALBANY MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**48.5**	**48.6**	**48.7**	**48.7**	**48.6**	**48.5**	**47.9**	**48.6**	**49.2**	**49.4**	**49.5**	**49.5**	**48.8**
Manufacturing	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.1	8.1	**8.3**
Durable goods	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	**1.8**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	**0.8**
Other durable goods[1]	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	**1.1**
Nondurable goods	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.4	**6.5**
Food and kindred products	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	**2.0**
Textile mill products	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	**1.1**
Chemicals and allied products	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Other nondurable goods[2]	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	**3.0**
Nonmanufacturing	40.0	40.1	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.2	39.5	40.3	40.9	41.3	41.4	41.4	**40.5**
Mining[3]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	**—**
Contract construction	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	**2.7**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5	**2.3**
Wholesale and retail trade	12.3	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.8	12.9	**12.5**
Wholesale trade	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	**3.3**
Retail trade	8.9	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.4	9.5	**9.2**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	**2.4**
Services	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.1	**8.1**
Government	12.7	12.8	12.7	12.8	12.8	12.4	11.5	12.0	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.7	**12.5**
Federal	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	**3.5**
State and local	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	8.9	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.2	**9.0**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; transportation equipment; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes apparel and other finished textile products; paper and allied products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries.
[3] Employment of fewer than 100 workers.

Table 5

ATHENS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**61.6**	**61.7**	**62.0**	**62.4**	**62.8**	**62.2**	**61.7**	**61.9**	**61.6**	**65.1**	**65.0**	**65.1**	**62.8**
Manufacturing	14.8	14.8	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.4	15.4	15.3	15.3	15.3	**15.1**
Durable goods	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	**5.5**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	**2.6**
Other durable goods[1]	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	**2.9**
Nondurable goods	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.8	**9.7**
Food and kindred products	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	**3.4**
Textile mill products	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	**2.6**
Apparel and other textile products	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	**2.3**
Other nondurable goods[2]	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	**1.4**
Nonmanufacturing	46.8	46.9	47.1	47.4	47.8	47.1	46.5	46.4	46.2	49.7	49.7	49.8	**47.6**
Mining	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	**0.2**
Contract construction	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	**2.5**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	**1.8**
Wholesale and retail trade	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.7	12.8	12.9	12.9	13.1	13.3	14.0	14.1	14.2	**13.2**
Wholesale trade	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	**2.6**
Retail trade	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.2	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.6	11.3	11.3	11.4	**10.6**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	**1.9**
Services	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.7	10.1	9.9	9.8	9.7	**9.6**
Government	18.7	18.8	19.0	19.0	19.1	18.0	17.3	17.3	16.3	19.4	19.4	19.5	**18.5**
Federal	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	**2.1**
State and local	16.6	16.7	16.8	16.9	16.9	16.0	15.2	15.2	14.3	17.3	17.3	17.5	**16.4**

[1] Includes lumber and wood products; furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; transportation equipment; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes paper and allied products; printing, publishing, and allied industries; chemicals and allied products; and leather and leather products.

Table 6

AUGUSTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**153.1**	**152.9**	**154.0**	**156.1**	**156.0**	**156.0**	**156.3**	**158.0**	**158.4**	**158.1**	**159.3**	**160.3**	**156.5**
Manufacturing	35.2	35.1	35.2	35.5	35.3	35.5	35.4	35.5	35.7	35.8	36.0	36.3	**35.5**
Durable goods	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.2	**9.0**
Lumber and wood products	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	**1.2**
Stone, clay, and glass products	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	**3.1**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	**2.3**
Other durable goods [1]	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	**2.5**
Nondurable goods	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.5	26.3	26.4	26.4	26.6	26.7	26.9	26.9	27.2	**26.5**
Food and kindred products	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	**2.3**
Textile mill products	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.9	**5.8**
Apparel and other textile products	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	**2.9**
Printing and publishing	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	**1.3**
Other nondurable goods [2]	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.4	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.6	**14.3**
Nonmanufacturing	118.0	117.8	118.8	120.7	120.7	120.5	120.9	122.5	122.7	122.3	123.3	124.0	**121.0**
Mining	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	**0.5**
Contract construction	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.7	10.4	9.9	10.0	10.0	10.0	**9.5**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.2	**5.2**
Wholesale and retail trade	32.9	32.8	33.0	34.3	34.2	34.3	34.2	34.9	34.8	34.7	35.2	35.6	**34.2**
Wholesale trade	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	**4.8**
Retail trade	28.1	27.9	28.2	29.5	29.4	29.5	29.3	30.1	30.0	29.8	30.3	30.8	**29.4**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.8	**5.4**
Services	31.5	31.5	32.0	32.3	32.2	32.1	33.2	33.2	33.4	33.0	33.3	33.4	**32.6**
Government	33.2	33.4	33.6	33.7	33.7	33.3	32.5	32.6	33.6	34.0	34.1	34.4	**33.5**
Federal	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	**8.3**
State and local	25.0	25.2	25.3	25.4	25.3	24.9	24.0	24.2	25.2	25.7	25.8	26.1	**25.2**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures, transportation equipment, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes paper and allied products, and chemicals and allied products.

Table 7

COLUMBUS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**89.9**	**90.3**	**90.8**	**92.0**	**92.3**	**92.8**	**93.1**	**93.6**	**93.9**	**93.8**	**93.7**	**94.2**	**92.5**
Manufacturing	20.0	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.4	20.5	20.6	20.5	20.6	**20.3**
Durable goods	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.4	**6.2**
Lumber and wood products	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	**0.8**
Stone, clay, and glass products	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	**0.7**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	**3.7**
Other durable goods[1]	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	**1.1**
Nondurable goods	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.1	14.0	14.2	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.2	**14.1**
Food and kindred products	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	**3.7**
Textile mill products	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	**7.1**
Apparel and other textile products	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	**0.6**
Printing and publishing	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	**1.4**
Other nondurable goods[2]	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	**1.4**
Nonmanufacturing	69.9	70.3	70.7	71.9	72.1	72.7	73.0	73.2	73.4	73.3	73.2	73.6	**72.3**
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	**0.1**
Contract construction	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.3	5.2	5.1	**5.3**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	**3.7**
Wholesale and retail trade	19.8	19.8	19.9	20.3	20.4	20.4	20.6	20.7	20.7	20.4	20.6	20.9	**20.4**
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	**2.6**
Retail trade	17.2	17.2	17.2	17.7	17.8	17.9	18.1	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.0	18.3	**17.8**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.5	6.5	**6.2**
Services	15.1	15.3	15.7	15.9	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.3	16.3	16.6	16.4	16.6	**16.0**
Government	20.5	20.6	20.5	20.7	20.8	20.7	20.2	20.2	20.7	20.7	20.8	20.8	**20.6**
Federal	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	**7.5**
State and local	13.1	13.1	13.0	13.2	13.3	13.2	12.7	12.8	13.2	13.3	13.3	13.3	**13.1**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures, transportation equipment, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes paper and allied products, and chemicals and allied products.

Table 8

MACON-WARNER ROBINS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**116.0**	**115.8**	**116.6**	**117.2**	**117.8**	**118.7**	**118.5**	**118.7**	**119.8**	**120.3**	**120.4**	**120.9**	**118.4**
Manufacturing	18.0	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.4	18.3	18.7	18.8	18.7	18.7	18.5	18.5	**18.4**
Durable goods	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	**7.0**
Lumber and wood products	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Stone, clay, and glass products	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	**1.2**
Machinery, except electrical	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Other durable goods[1]	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	**5.1**
Nondurable goods	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.3	11.3	11.7	11.8	11.7	11.6	11.4	11.3	**11.4**
Food and kindred products	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	**2.3**
Textile mill products	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	**1.4**
Apparel and other textile products	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	**1.3**
Paper and allied products	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	**2.3**
Chemicals and allied products	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	**0.3**
Other nondurable goods[2]	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	**3.6**
Nonmanufacturing	98.0	97.7	98.4	99.1	99.5	100.4	99.8	99.9	101.1	101.6	101.9	102.4	**100.0**
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	**0.1**
Contract construction	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	**5.1**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	**5.0**
Wholesale and retail trade	26.0	25.7	26.1	26.4	26.6	26.9	27.3	27.3	27.4	27.8	28.2	28.7	**27.0**
Wholesale trade	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	**4.7**
Retail trade	21.5	21.2	21.5	21.8	21.9	22.1	22.5	22.4	22.5	23.0	23.4	23.7	**22.3**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.4	**7.3**
Services	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.8	21.9	22.4	22.0	22.2	22.3	22.3	22.1	22.2	**21.9**
Government	33.9	33.8	33.8	33.5	33.5	33.5	32.5	32.3	33.4	33.7	33.8	33.9	**33.5**
Federal	17.9	17.8	17.8	17.6	17.6	17.7	17.6	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.4	17.3	**17.6**
State and local	16.1	16.0	16.0	15.8	15.9	15.8	14.9	14.8	15.9	16.3	16.5	16.6	**15.9**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; primary and fabricated metals; transportation equipment; electrical machinery; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes printing, publishing, and allied industries; petroleum and rubber products; and leather and leather products.